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Lucent Technologies
Bell Labs Innovations



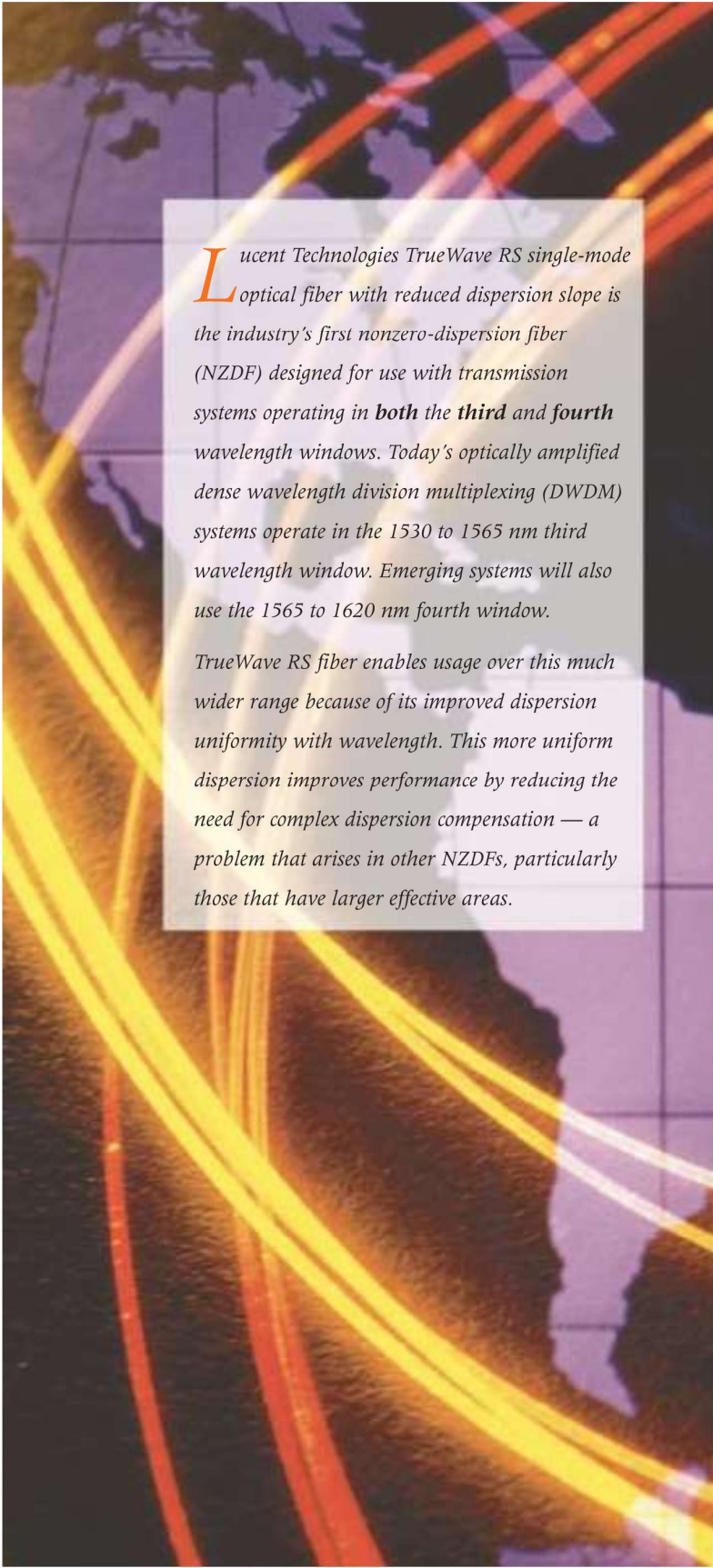
TrueWave[®] RS

Nonzero-Dispersion Optical Fiber



Optimized for the Third and Ready
for the Fourth Wavelength Window!





*Lucent Technologies TrueWave RS single-mode optical fiber with reduced dispersion slope is the industry's first nonzero-dispersion fiber (NZDF) designed for use with transmission systems operating in **both the third and fourth** wavelength windows. Today's optically amplified dense wavelength division multiplexing (DWDM) systems operate in the 1530 to 1565 nm third wavelength window. Emerging systems will also use the 1565 to 1620 nm fourth window.*

TrueWave RS fiber enables usage over this much wider range because of its improved dispersion uniformity with wavelength. This more uniform dispersion improves performance by reducing the need for complex dispersion compensation — a problem that arises in other NZDFs, particularly those that have larger effective areas.

With TrueWave RS fiber, Lucent Technologies continues the technology innovation Wave that began with the patented and award-winning TrueWave fiber introduced in 1993. Now, TrueWave RS improves upon this performance and extends it to longer wavelengths, becoming the only NZDF with both third and fourth window specified performance. Specifically, TrueWave RS is unique from other NZDFs by having:

- a more uniform chromatic dispersion over the third and fourth windows
- low bending induced loss at 1550 nm and at the more critical 1600 nm wavelength
- attenuation and dispersion specifications in the fourth window.

These characteristics translate into greater information capacity while minimizing the need for complex dispersion slope compensators.

When designing today's network, you need assurance that the fiber you choose will optimally operate with transmission systems available today and those that have already been demonstrated in research laboratories. Lucent Technologies has demonstrated 1200 Gb/s transmission on TrueWave fiber using wavelengths as high as 1620 nm!



More Uniform Dispersion

Ideally, the chromatic dispersion of an optical fiber should have a constant value over the entire wavelength operating region. However, the dispersion of all fibers varies with wavelength, and this variability is quantified by their dispersion slope (S_0). The smaller the slope, the less the dispersion varies with wavelength.

For optimum performance in the third and fourth wavelength windows, dispersion variability should be minimized. TrueWave RS fiber has at least 36% less dispersion variability with wavelength than other NZDFs and 55% less variability than larger mode area NZDFs.

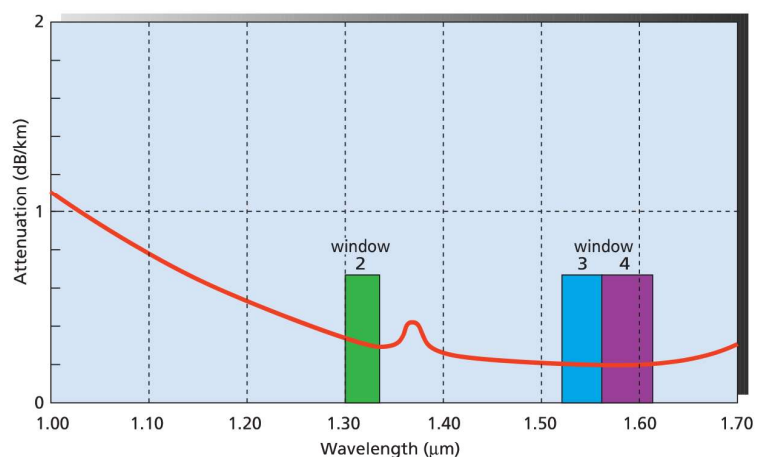
Another advantage of TrueWave RS fiber is that its small dispersion slope allows its minimum dispersion to be increased to better suppress the four wave mixing (FWM) nonlinearity, while still keeping the fiber's maximum dispersion small enough for signals to travel over long distances with minimum need for dispersion and dispersion slope compensation.



Flexible Optoelectronic Choices

TrueWave RS fiber supports wavelengths over the full 1530 to 1565 nm wavelength range (the C band third window) defined by standards bodies for NZDF. Additionally, the fiber supports wavelengths up to 1620 nm in the long wavelength L band — the fourth operating window. This flexibility enables the fiber to be used with a wide variety of transmission equipment.

TrueWave RS fiber is compatible with other NZDFs and with conventional single-mode fiber, using the same installation and splicing techniques. This is possible because of TrueWave RS fiber's excellent micro- and macrobending performance in both the 1550 and 1600 nm operating windows.



Reduce Signal Interference With TrueWave RS Fiber

The uniform dispersion of TrueWave RS fiber overcomes four wave mixing nonlinearities by providing a controlled amount of chromatic dispersion throughout the third and fourth wavelength operating windows. This dispersion prevents phase matching between the various signal wavelengths, thereby virtually eliminating wavelength mixing interference. The dispersion value is small enough to allow 10 Gb/s transmission rates at each of multiple wavelengths over long distances without dispersion compensation.

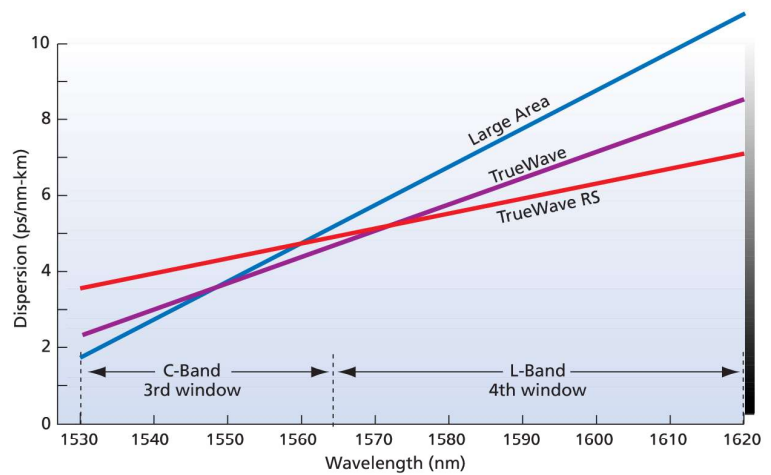
Reduce System Cost With TrueWave RS Fiber

Dispersion unshifted (conventional) fiber was designed to minimize loss and maximize bandwidth for 1310 nm systems. The fiber's high chromatic dispersion at 1550 nm (approximately 17 ps/nm-km) may require the additional cost of dispersion compensation and/or more transmission equipment when used in high capacity amplified systems.

TrueWave RS fiber keeps the cost of dispersion compensation to a minimum compared with unshifted and other NZDFs. For example, NZDFs having larger effective areas tend to have large dispersion variability with wavelength. For long

DWDM systems, this large variability necessitates the use of complex dispersion compensation schemes. The wavelength band must be split into several sub-bands each of which are individually compensated with different amounts of dispersion compensation. TrueWave RS fiber reduces the need for this complexity and added cost.

TrueWave RS fiber uses a special refractive index profile in the core, surrounded by synthetic silica cladding layers having different refractive indices, to achieve low attenuation and nonzero-dispersion in the third and fourth operating wavelength windows. This reduces and can even eliminate the cost of dispersion compensation.



Lower PMD

Manufactured using a patented fiber drawing process, TrueWave RS fibers have low Polarization Mode Dispersion (PMD).

Because the PMD of a fiber can depend on its geometrical and mechanical condition, the best indicator of true PMD is the PMD of the fiber in the finished cable — before it is shipped from the factory. This arises because the fiber's bend diameter and back tension on a spool can mask its true PMD. Low values of PMD measured when the fiber is wound on a spool do not guarantee consistently low PMD in finished cable.

With TrueWave RS fiber, Lucent Technologies is the first manufacturer to specify a new product parameter — the PMD Link Design Value in finished cable. This parameter complies with the U.S. contribution to the IEC standards body, and gives network designers a useful tool for computing the PMD of concatenated cables. For example, the $0.1 \text{ ps}/\sqrt{\text{km}}$ PMD LDV for TrueWave RS cabled fiber produces a 2 ps value for a 400 km long route. This excellent PMD performance is sufficiently small to enable 40 Gb/s transmission at each of multiple wavelengths!

Improved Core/Cladding Eccentricity

Accurate centering of the core in its cladding makes it easier to achieve low loss fusion splices using standard techniques and equipment. At $\leq 0.6 \mu\text{m}$, the core/cladding concentricity error of TrueWave RS fiber is the industry's best for NZDF.

Choose TrueWave RS Fiber For Long-term Reliability

TrueWave RS optical fiber features D-LUX® Coating for world class environmental performance and long-term reliability. This dual coating system is applied over the cladding to protect the fiber. Each fiber is proof tested to at least 100 kpsi to ensure that it will survive installation loads and associated long-term stresses, even under extreme environmental conditions.

Cutting Edge Technology Wins Top Awards

Lucent Technologies has received five awards for its patented TrueWave single-mode optical fiber products. Separate panels of technical experts selected TrueWave fiber products from many nominees for the following awards:

- "Commercial Technology Achievement Award for Fiber Optics" from Laser Focus World Magazine, 1995.
- "Circle of Excellence Award" from Photonics Spectra Magazine, 1995.
- "R&D 100 Award" in telecommunications technology from R&D Magazine, 1995.
- "Technology Award for Fiber and Cable" from FIBEROPTIC Product News Magazine, 1995.
- "Circle of Excellence Award" from Photonics Spectra Magazine, 1998.



Stay in the Vanguard with Lucent Technologies

Lucent's family of TrueWave single-mode optical fibers and cables represent the most complete product line in the industry for building high capacity transport systems. Lucent received the first NZDF (G.655) patent in 1994 and its TrueWave NZDF product family has been recognized with unprecedented awards for excellence in commercial technology and technological significance. And now, TrueWave RS fiber is the latest Wave from Bell Laboratories in this evolution of product innovation .

Why invest in obsolescence? TrueWave RS Fiber and Cables offer unparalleled growth potential — now and for years to come. Choose TrueWave RS single-mode optical fiber and cables from Lucent Technologies. You'll know you've seen the future.

Transmission Characteristics

Attenuation

The maximum attenuation coefficient (loss) may be specified between 0.22 and 0.25 dB/km and the value will pertain at 1550 and 1600 nm.

Attenuation vs. Wavelength

The maximum attenuation in the range from 1525 to 1620 nm is no more than 0.05 dB/km greater than the attenuation at 1550 nm.

Attenuation at Water Peak

The attenuation coefficient at the OH⁻ absorption peak (1385 ± 3 nm) is less than or equal to 1.0 dB/km.

Macrobending Attenuation

The maximum attenuation with bending does not exceed the specified values under the following deployment conditions:

Deployment Condition	Wavelength	Induced Attenuation
1 turn, 32 mm (1.2 inch) diameter	1550 nm	≤ 0.5 dB
	1600 nm	≤ 0.6 dB
100 turns, 75 mm (3 inch) diameter	1550 nm	≤ 0.05 dB
	1600 nm	≤ 0.05 dB

Point Discontinuities

There are no attenuation discontinuities greater than 0.10 dB at 1550 nm and at 1600 nm.

Chromatic Dispersion

3 rd window: 1530 to 1565 nm	2.6 to 6.0 ps/nm-km
4 th window: 1565 to 1620 nm	4.0 to 8.6 ps/nm-km
Dispersion Slope	≤ 0.05 ps/nm ² -km

Mode Field Diameter

at 1550 nm	8.4 ± 0.6 μm
at 1600 nm	8.7 ± 0.6 μm

Cutoff Wavelength

Cable Cutoff Wavelength (λ_{cc})	≤ 1260 nm
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Cabled Fiber Polarization Mode Dispersion at 1550 nm¹

link design value ²	≤ 0.1 ps/ $\sqrt{\text{km}}$
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¹ In Lucent Technologies cables. Check with your cable manufacturer for specific PMD limits in cable form.

² The PMD Link Design Value complies with the U.S. contribution to IEC SC 86A/WG1, Method 1, September 1997.



Geometrical Characteristics

Glass Geometry	
Cladding Diameter	125.0 ± 1.0 µm
Core/Clad Concentricity Error	≤ 0.6 µm
Cladding Non-circularity	≤ 1.0%
Coating Geometry	
Coating Diameter (uncolored)	245 ± 10 µm
Coating/Cladding Concentricity Error	< 12 µm
Length	
Lengths can be cut to specific customer specifications	
Standard spool lengths	4.4, 6.4, 12.6, 19.2, 25 km

Environmental Characteristics

Operating Temperature	-60° C to +85° C
Temperature Dependence of Attenuation	
Induced Attenuation at 1550 nm at -60° C to +85° C	≤ 0.05 dB/km
Temperature — Humidity Cycling	
Induced Attenuation at 1550 nm at -10° C to +85° C and 95% relative humidity	≤ 0.05 dB/km
Water Immersion, 23° C	
Induced Attenuation at 1550 nm due to Water Immersion at 23 ± 2° C	≤ 0.05 dB/km
Accelerated Aging (Temperature), 85° C	
Induced Attenuation at 1550 nm due to Temperature Aging at 85 ± 2° C	≤ 0.05 dB/km
Retention of Coating Color	
D-LUX coated fiber shows no discernible change in color when aged for:	
• 30 days at 95° C and 95% relative humidity	
• 20 days in dry 125° C heat	

Mechanical Characteristics

Proof Test Level	100 kpsi (0.7 Gpa)*	
Dynamic Tensile Strength		
The median tensile strength of unaged samples with a 0.5 meter gauge length:	≥ 550 kpsi (38 Gpa)	
Coating Strip Force		
The force to mechanically strip the dual coating is	≥ 1.3 N (0.3 lbf.) and < 8.9 N (2.0 lbf.)	
Coating Appearance		
The dual coating layers are free of voids or entrapped bubbles.		
Pullout Force (Adhesion of Coating to Glass Surface)		
The pullout force is	> 6.2 N (1.4 lbf.) and < 22.2 N (4.9 lbf.)	
Fiber Curl	≥ 2m	
Fiber Shipping Spool Mechanical Specifications		
	A (for lengths < 15 km)	B (for lengths > 15 km)
Flange diameter	9.25 in (23.50 cm)	9.25 in (23.50 cm)
Barrel Diameter	6.00 in (15.24 cm)	6.00 in (15.24 cm)
Traverse Width	3.39 in (8.61 cm)	4.70 in (11.94 cm)
Weight	1.22 lbs (0.46 kg)	1.36 lbs (0.51 kg)

* Higher proof test levels are available upon request.

Other Performance Characteristics (Typical Values)

Attenuation Coefficient at 1310 nm	< 0.4 dB/km
Chromatic Dispersion at 1310 nm	-9 ps/nm-km
Dispersion Slope (ps/nm²-km)	0.045
Effective Group Index of Refraction	
1310 nm	1.471
1550 nm	1.470
Rayleigh Backscattering Coefficient (for 1 μs pulse width)	
1310 nm	-46.2 dB
1550 nm	-49.8 dB
Dynamic Fatigue Parameter (N_d)	> 20
Static Fatigue Parameter (N_s)	> 20
Weight per unit length	64 grams/km
Cabled Polarization Mode Dispersion at 1550 nm¹	≤ 0.05 ps/√km

¹ In Lucent Technologies cables. Check with your cable manufacturer for specific PMD limits in cable form.

For more information about this and other Lucent Technologies products and services, please contact your Lucent Technologies Sales Representative.

Visit our web site at <http://www.lucent.com>

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Lucent Technologies
Bell Labs Innovations



216 Strand Optic Fibre Cable (LUCENT),

471 km of LUCENT 216 Strand Optic Fibre Cable.

A. Lucent Approx. 471 KMs of Lucent Manufacture, Accuribbon Type, True Wave (TW), 216 strands fibre.

Detailed - Specification

Remaining Stock - Lucent Cable

Cable Type : Outdoor Cable

Comcode : 108485921

Cablecode : NCA 8055-216

Description : Accu Ribbon 216 TW

Fibres: 216

Fibre Type : TW

CORNING / SOLD	LUCENT	CONSTRUCTION		
9.2um ± 0.6	8.4 um ± 0.6	Mode Field Diameter	Core	1
Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Non-circularity		
£ 0.5um	£ 0.5um	Core/cladding offset		
125.0 ± 1.0um	v>125.0 ± 1.0um	Diameter	Cladding	2
£ 1.0%	£ 1.0%	Non-Circularity		
Dual Acrylate CPC	Dual Acrylate	Material	Coating	3
245 ± 5um	245 ± 5um	Un-Inked diameter		
£ 12um	£ 10um	Coating/Cladding offset		

CORNING / SOLD	LUCENT	OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS	
Not Specified	0.4db/km db/km typical	Fiber Attenuation at: 1310nm	1
0.25 dB/Km	0.25 dB/Km	Fiber Attenuation at: 1550nm	
0.25 dB/Km	0.24 dB/Km	Fiber Attenuation at: 1625nm	
Induced attenuation at 1550nm -60° to +85°C £ 0.05dB/Km	Induced attenuation at 1310nm, 1550nm & 1623nm at -60°C £ 0.05dB/Km to +85°C	Temperature Variation Of Attenuation	2
£ 0.10dB	£ 0.05dB	Point Discontinuities at 1550 nm	3
£ 1.0dB/Km	£ 1.0dB/Km	Water Peak	4

		Attenuation at 1383 nm	
Not specified	Not specified	Attenuation change vs. Wavelength 1285 to 1330 nm	5
£ 0.05dB/Km	£ 0.05dB/Km	Attenuation change vs. Wavelength 1525 to 1575 nm	
£ 0.05dB/Km	£ 0.05dB/Km	Attenuation change vs. Bending 100 turns of 75mm diameter at 1550/1625nm	6
£ 0.50dB/Km	£ 0.50dB/Km	Attenuation change vs. Bending 1 turn of 32mm diameter at 1550/1625nm	
1495nm	1425nm	Zero Dispersion wave length	7

CORNING / SOLD	LUCENT	OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS	
Not specified	-8 ps/nm-Km	Dispersion at 1310nm	8
2.0 to 6.0 ps/nm-Km	2.6 to 6.0 ps/nm-Km	Dispersion over 1530-1565nm	
4.5 to 11.2 ps/nm-Km	4.0 to 8.9 ps/nm-Km	Dispersion over 1565-1625nm	
< 0.08ps/nm ² .km	<0.05 ps/nm ² .km	Zero Dispersion slope	9
Not specified	Not specified	Nominal Mode Field Diameter at 1310nm	10
9.6um	8.4 ± 0.6um	Nominal Mode Field Diameter 1550 nm	
Not specified	Not specified	Mode Field Diameter Tolerance 1310nm	11
± 0.4um	8.4 ± 0.6um	Mode Field Diameter Tolerance 1550nm	
£ 1360nm	£ 1260nm	Cable Cut-off Wave length (λ _{cc})	12
Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Polarization Mode Dispersion 1310 nm	13

Maximum £ 0.1 ps/ÖKm	Maximum £ 0.1 ps/ÖKm Link Design Value	Polarization Mode Dispersion at 1550nm	
£ 0.4 ps/ÖKm	£ 0.4 ps/ÖKm		
CORNING / SOLD	LUCENT	Cable Construction	
Yes Dialectric	Yes Dialectric	Central Strength Member	1
Yes	Single Central Tube	Loose Tubes	2
Yes	Yes	Thixo Tropic jelly	3
Yes	Yes	Filling Compound	4
Swellable Tape Elements	Aramid Yarn	Wrapping	5
Yes x 1	Yes x 2	Rip cord	6

CORNING / SOLD	LUCENT	Cable Construction		
Layer of Tapes	High Density Polyethylene	Material	First jacket	7
Not specified	1.0mm Nom	Thickness		
Corrugated Steel Tape. 0.15mm Round	Corrugated Electrolytic Chrome Coated Steel. 0.15mm Round	Material	Armoring	8
		Thickness		
Shape				
High Density Polyethylene 1.5mm Nom	High Density Polyethylene 1.5mm Nom	Material	Outer jacket	9
		Thickness		

CORNING / SOLD	LUCENT	Performance test	
70°C 24 Hrs duration no drip.	70°C 24 Hrs duration no drip.	(Compound flow test at 70°C) Compound Drip.	4-1
3m cable, 1m water, 72hrs = no water leakage, water immersion at 23°C ± 2°C = £ 0.05dB/Km	(IEC 60794-1-F5) No flow after 24hrs over 1 meter length of cable.	(Immersion) Water penetration test	4-2
90% £ 0.05dB Max. Added loss (100% £ 0.15dB Max. Added loss) 440N/cm (250 lbf/in) Load.	90% £ 0.05dB Max. Added loss (100% £ 0.15dB Max. Added loss) 440N/cm (250 lbf/in) Load.	(Compression test) Compressive Loading	4-3
90% £ 0.05dB Max. Added loss (100% £ 0.15dB Max. Added loss)	90% £ 0.05dB Max. Added loss (100% £ 0.15dB Max. Added loss)	(Cyclic Flexing Test) Cable Flexing Test	4-4
15 Nm r=300mm, 3	90% £ 0.05dB Max.	Cyclic Impact Test	4-5

impacts = Da £ 0.05dB	Added loss (100% £ 0.15dB Max. Added loss)	Reparative Impact test	
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CORNING / SOLD	LUCENT	Performance test	
2460 N = Da reversible, no residual fiber strain	90% £ 0.05dB Max. Added loss (100% £ 0.15dB Max. Added loss)	Tensile Loading Bending test	4-6
90% £ 0.05dB Max. Added loss (100% £ 0.15dB Max. Added loss)	90% £ 0.05dB Max. Added loss (100% £ 0.15dB Max. Added loss)	Twist test	4-7
90% £ 0.05dB Max. Added loss (100% £ 0.15dB Max. Added loss)	90% £ 0.05dB Max. Added loss (100% £ 0.15dB Max. Added loss)	Low or High temperature Bend test	4-8
Not specified	Not specified	Cable Knot test	4-9
-25°C - + 60°C = Da £ 0.1 dB/Km	£ 0.05dB/Km mean added loss (£ 0.15dB/Km Max Added Loss)	Temperature Cycling test	4-10

CORNING / SOLD	LUCENT		
MMFN	MMFN	Identification Marking	5
Meter Mark Each Meter	Meter Mark Each Meter	Length Marking	6
Fully tested at manufacture	Fully tested at manufacture	Factory Testing & Document	7
Fully clear at delivery	Fully clear at delivery	Inspection	8
Currently secure, controlled warehouse Frankfurt, delivery possible any location	Currently secure, controlled warehouse Frankfurt, delivery possible any location	Delivery	9
Wooden reel: Diameter 1.95m, width 1,07 m, weight 1457 kg	Wooden reel: Diameter 2,20m, width 1,15m, weight 4192 Lbs, = 1903 kg. Steel reel: Diameter 2,10m width 1,15m, weight approx, 2.3 tons.	General Requirements for cable drums	10
		Cable Hole	10-1
YES	YES	Spindle Hole	10-2

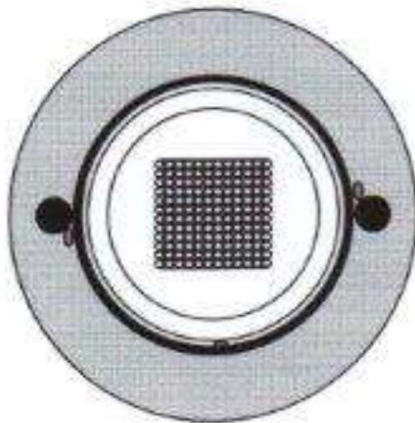
Outer coils of cable on reels are wrapped in a plastic sheet. The cable space has then been covered in wooden batons.	Outer coils of cable on reels are wrapped in a plastic sheet. The cable space has then been covered in wooden batons.	Securing the cable	10-3
YES	YES	End Cap	11

Angebot freibleibend, Irrtümer vorbehalten, Zwischenverkauf vorbehalten



Optical Fiber Cable

A-D(SR)(Z)2Y 18X12 TWRS AccuRibbon® Fiber Cable



Application

Optical fiber cable for duct and direct buried laying

Design

- HDPE Outer sheath in accordance to ASTM D 1248 Type III, Class C, Category 5
- Wire strength members
- Armor of corrugated electrolytic chrome coated steel (ECCS)
- Ripcords
- Water blocking tape
- Core tube
- AccuRibbon Core

Fiber Count	Number of Ribbons	Cable outside diameter mm	Cable weight kg/km	Standard-length m	rating N
12 Fiber ribbons 216	18	18,0	300	2000/4000/6000	2700

Identification

Fiber	Each AccuRibbon® in this order: blue, orange, green, brown, slate, white, red, black, yellow, violet, rose, aqua
Ribbon	Each AccuRibbon® unit has identifying marks at approximately 150 mm intervals along its length. These marks uniquely identify each AccuRibbon unit within a cable.
Sheath	black
Sheath Marking	Handset, „LUCENT OPTICAL CABLE“, Month-Year, „NCA—8055-216“, „MFN INTERNATIONAL“ Production Code, Metermarking



Optical Fiber Cable

A-D(SR)(Z)2Y 18x12 TWRS AccuRibbon® Fiber Cable

Mechanical and Environmental Properties

Tensile load rating		2700		N
Bending radius	under no load	10 x D		
Bending radius	under load	20 x D		D = cable diameter
Crush		440		N/cm
Temperature ranges	Operation	- 40	to	+ 70 °C
	Installation	- 30	to	+ 60 °C
	Storage/Shipping	- 40	to	+ 75 °C

Tests according to related parts of EIA/TIA 455 and IEC 794-1.

The AccuRibbon® cable design is suitable for TrueWave®-RS-fibers, AllWave™-fibers and conventional fibers. Composite designs are available. For optical specifications refer to fiber fact-sheets.

OTDR report

Events table

No.	Loc. (km)	Event type	Loss (dB)	Ref. (dB)	Att. (dB/km)	Cumul. (dB)
1	0.0000 6.0307	Launch Level Fiber Section (6.0307 km) Non-Reflective Event	--- 1.715 ---	-34.3	0.284	0.000 --- ---

Marker info

A	: 1.4956 km, 19.577 dB	B	: 1.4981 km, 19.556 dB
a	: 1.4956 km, 19.577 dB	b	: 1.4981 km, 19.556 dB
A to B distance	: 0.0026 km, 0.021 dB	A to B ORL	: 67.88 dB
3-pt. reflectance	: *****	A to B LSA att.	: 8.418 dB/km
4-pt. Ev. loss	: 0.021 dB		

Test and cable setup

Wavelength	: 1550 nm (SM-9µm)	Acq. time	: 15 s
Fiber type	: 1a 417091001.trc	Pulse width	: 100 ns
Hardware	: FTB-7300D-234B-EI	Helix factor	: 0.00 %
Serial number	: 383860	Splice loss threshold	: 0.010 dB
Software	: OTDR Advanced 6.14.49.252	Reflectance threshold	: -72.0 dB
Range	: 12.0000 km	End-of-fiber threshold	: 5.000 dB
IOR	: 1.468330		
RBS	: -81.87		

Comments

Drum Test	
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Signature : _____
EXFO Inc.

Date : 24/07/2012
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